



TRIPLESEPT SECURITY COMPANY LIMITED

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VAULT & SECURITY

Date:

Contract No.

SKR REF:

VAULT & STORAGE AGREEMENT

This Vault & Secure Storage Agreement (“Agreement”) is made and entered into today, by and between:

Triplesept Security Company Limited, incorporated and existing under the laws of the Republic of Sierra Leone, with its principal office at 152 Sesay Drive, Freetown, Sierra Leone (hereinafter referred to as “The Company”),

and

[Customer Name / Depositor], [registered company / partnership / individual], with identification data and contact information below;

CUSTOMER IDENTIFICATION DATA:

Customer Name: _____

Address: _____

Passport No / Id: _____

Email Address: _____

Hereinafter referred to as “The Customer”

The Company and The Customer are collectively referred to as the “Parties” and individually as a “Party.”

SECTION 1 — PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this Agreement is to define the terms under which The Company shall provide secure storage and custodial services for The Customer’s assets within its vault facility, including optional logistics and export facilitation if requested by The Customer.

The Company shall exercise reasonable commercial care, provide full insurance coverage for stored assets, and implement all necessary security, verification, and operational protocols, as outlined herein.

The Company shall segregate and identify on its books, ledgers, and physical storage records as belonging exclusively to The Customer all Stored Assets delivered by or for the account of The Customer which are held by The Company in the vault facility.

The Company shall supply to The Customer from time to time, or upon formal request, a written inventory statement with respect to all of the Stored Assets held in the vault. Pending written acceptance within fifteen (15) days after receipt of such statement, The Customer shall be deemed to have approved such statement as an accurate reflection of the current bailment.

The Customer wishes to deposit assets for safekeeping and acknowledges responsibility for providing accurate declarations of all assets deposited, including quantity, type, weight, serial numbers, and declared value.

The Customer may request optional logistics, haulage, or export services. The costs and liability for these additional services, including armed security, third-party logistics, customs, insurance, and associated expenses, shall be borne solely by The Customer.

SECTION 2 — STORAGE PROTOCOL

To guarantee the defense, computational isolation, and technical preservation of specific asset classes, The Company shall offer and maintain specialized hardware storage architectures within its primary facility boundaries, to be assigned based on the technical or physical requirements of the High-Value Asset (HVA).

Air-Gapped Systems and Computing Infrastructure: For Investment-Class Electronics, storage networks, or technical data repositories requiring network data security.

Sensitive Compartmented Information Facility (SCIF): For highly sensitive digital property or secure records.

Customer-Owned, Facility-Stored (COFS) Self-Safes: The Customer may deploy a Customer-Owned, Facility-Stored (COFS) asset containment unit or personal self-safe within the secure parameters of The Company. The COFS unit remains the independent technical property of The Customer, access logs shall be maintained exclusively by the facility systems, and the safe boundaries shall remain structurally undisturbed by vault personnel.

Dual-Key Access Control Framework: Access to any standard security locker, COFS unit, or specialized storage room requires the concurrent presentation and physical turnover of a Dual-Key mechanism.

SECTION 3 — DESIGNATION OF HIGH-VALUE ASSETS (HVA)

The Customer explicitly acknowledges and agrees that the vault facility, operational frameworks, and administrative structures governed by this Agreement are specifically engineered, optimized, and maintained for the accommodation of concentrated High-Value Assets (HVA), which are categorized under the following distinct asset classes:

a. Precious Metals & Commodities: Refined or unrefined gold bullion, silver bars, platinum group

metals, mineral blocks, and loose investment-grade gemstones.

b. Physical Fiat Currency Reserves: Concentrated hard currency cash hoards, banknotes, bank-wrapped vaults, and physical currency deposits.

c. Investment-Class Electronics: High-tier computing equipment, enterprise hardware, specialized data storage arrays, data repositories, and high-value technical components containing sensitive, proprietary architecture or digital asset repositories.

d. Fine Art & Numismatic Collectibles: antiquities, rare cultural property, historical artifacts, and highly valued numismatic collections.

e. Luxury Jewelry: High-end jewelry collections, watches, estate jewelry, and mounted precious stone items.

f. Authorized Defensive Hardware: Legally registered firearms, specialized defense systems, ammunition, and security hardware compliant with domestic statutes.

The special high-tier nature of such High-Value Assets (HVA) is continuously verified, protected, and check-mated through the mandatory enforcement of dual-authorization physical access controls, continuous biometric identity mapping against the filed specimen signature registry, the deployment of 24/7/365 active armed monitoring arrays, and the execution of the multi-owner Discharge Vote Threshold set forth under Section 16 of this Agreement.

The Customer warrants that any asset introduced into the vault facility under this framework represents a concentrated financial storage requirement, and The Customer further accepts that the liability of The Company regarding such High-Value Assets (HVA) shall never exceed the precise Declared Value verified and registered within the active ledger system of The Company.

SECTION 4 — NATURE OF BAILMENT

The Parties acknowledge and agree that this Agreement establishes a private custodial bailment relationship.

Title and beneficial ownership of all Stored Assets remain solely with The Customer. The Company acts strictly as custodian and shall not be deemed an insurer except as expressly stated in Section 15.

The Company shall not be liable for the authenticity, legality, or market value of the Stored Assets beyond the insurance coverage provided.

Acceptance of assets into the vault does not constitute a representation, certification, or guarantee by The Company regarding the quantity, quality, or condition of the assets, except as expressly documented in the signed intake report at the time of deposit.

In the event that The Company shall receive conflicting instructions from The Customer, its partners, or conflicting Authorized Representatives regarding any particular transaction or asset release, The Company shall make reasonable efforts to resolve such conflict; provided, however,

The Company may rely upon the verified instruction first received by The Company, and The Company is hereby held harmless from all consequences arising from such reliance pending final resolution.

SECTION 5 — BLIND BAILMENT PROTOCOL

The Company may limit its inspection to external, non-destructive testing (such as X-ray, spectral density scanning, or similar non-intrusive analysis) to confirm the baseline absence of hazardous materials only upon The Customer's explicit written request that The Company's duty of care extend solely to the exterior integrity of the container.

By accepting such an administrative request, The Company formally agrees to a Blind Bailment relationship, provided that The Customer's goods arrive at the facility checkpoint in designated containers as sealed, indivisible, and tamper-evident units.

Under the execution of this protocol, The Customer is mandated to provide a descriptive label to categorize the baseline asset class and explicitly state a fixed financial value for the sealed unit, which shall serve as the maximum cap for master policy insurance coverage and The Company's total custodial liability. The Company shall not open, force entry, or electronically bypass The Customer's safe, box, or enclosure, and shall maintain no active inventory, itemization, or valuation of the distinct assets held within the container boundaries.

The Customer shall sign a mandatory, separate Warranty of Legality, affirming under penalty of contract forfeiture that the internal contents of the sealed containers are not illicit goods, contraband, or the proceeds of crime under applicable Anti-Money Laundering and Countering the Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT) regulations.

When the sealed container is returned to The Customer or its authorized representatives with the original, documented facility seals fully intact and the original registered intake weight completely unchanged, The Company is conclusively and legally presumed to have fulfilled its entire custodial obligations under this Agreement, and The Customer waives all rights to allege internal asset discrepancy or degradation.

SECTION 6 — ACCEPTANCE & INJECTION

Upon deposit, each asset shall be recorded in a detailed intake report, including photographs, serial numbers, weight, packaging, seal numbers, and condition notes.

The Company, unless packaging is sealed, shall carry out specific analysis of the goods; otherwise, it shall perform an external inspection of packaging for integrity, safety, and compliance, but may not be required to open, assay, or otherwise verify the contents unless there is reasonable cause for suspicion that such assets may contain elements that contravene the law, properties that may contain explosive materials, or pose hazardous, significant risk to human health and safety or the environment, or as may be explicitly required by law.

These properties are often used to classify materials under regulations such as the Globally Harmonized System (GHS) as follows:

- a. Materials that easily ignite in the presence of an ignition source, including liquids with a flashpoint below 60°C, flammable gases (e.g., propane, methane), and flammable solids.
- b. Substances that cause severe skin burns, eye damage, or damage to metal through chemical reactions. Examples include acids, bases, and cleaning products.
- c. Substances that can cause damage to living organisms, including humans, through ingestion, inhalation, or skin absorption. Acute toxicity causes immediate or short-term adverse health effects, such as poisoning.
- d. Materials that are unstable under normal conditions, react violently with water, or give off toxic gases. These can include peroxides, oxidizers, and explosive materials.
- e. Substances that, while not necessarily combustible themselves, can release oxygen and support or cause the combustion of other materials.
- f. Materials that can cause cancer or permanent changes in genetic material (mutations).
Infectious/Biological Hazards: Substances containing microorganisms or toxins that can cause disease in humans or animals, such as medical waste.
- g. Materials that emit ionizing radiation, which can damage living cells and tissues. Materials that present immediate or delayed risks to the environment and ecosystems.
- h. Paints, pesticides, cleaning agents, fuels (petrol/diesel), drugs, cosmetics, and compressed gases.
Industrial/Common Substances: Asbestos, mercury, lead, benzene, cadmium, zinc, and adhesives.
- i. Electronic waste (e-waste), infectious clinical waste, and hazardous industrial residues.
- j. Prohibited Weapons that violate specific licensing, registration, or type-based restrictions; Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs) like pipe bombs, Molotov cocktails, or grenades. Explosive materials or chemicals like ammonium nitrate, TATP, and concentrated nitric acid which can be used to create Homemade Explosives (HME). Military-Grade Materials like plastic explosives (e.g., Semtex), C4, or TNT.
- k. Controlled Substances classified as drugs with high-potential-for-abuse substances such as Heroin, Cocaine, Methamphetamine, LSD, Clandestine Lab Precursors with chemicals (e.g., Pseudoephedrine, Methamphetamine), Synthetic Cannabinoids & Cathinones.
Assets deemed hazardous, illegal, or improperly sealed or declared may be refused, and The Company shall notify The Customer immediately.

The Customer shall certify the accuracy of all asset declarations and assumes responsibility for any misrepresentation or omission.

SECTION 7 — EXCEPTIONS FOR SEALED ASSETS

Notwithstanding the inspection protocols and verification rights outlined in Section 6 and Section 14, a special operational exception shall apply to any hazardous substance checking routines in instances where The Company itself has directly followed, managed, and executed the process of

preparation, packing, treatment, or boxing of the Stored Assets prior to vault storage.

This special exception shall similarly apply in cases where the High-Value Assets (HVA) arrive at the vault facility already securely sealed, verified, and certified under the untampered official seals of recognized regulatory bodies, banking institutions, central banks, or sovereign governmental agencies.

In such instances where the Stored Assets have been prepared, packed, or sealed under the direct oversight and physical control of The Company's authorized personnel, or under the authenticated seals of recognized regulatory, banking, or governmental institutions, the standard verification, intrusive checking, or assaying of the internal package containment for hidden hazardous items shall be waived, and the internal contents shall be deemed compliant with the facility's safety frameworks at the point of intake.

This exception shall immediately be deemed void if, following the official preparation or verification of the goods, the containment mechanisms, crates, security bands, or institutional seals suffer any unlogged third-party transit, physical tampering, seal degradation, or structural breaches before being physically lodged within the secure boundaries of the vault facility.

SECTION 8 — FEES, SURCHARGES & PAYMENTS

Storage fees are payable in advance per the agreed schedule. Fees accrue regardless of access frequency. Late payments incur interest as specified in Section 1. The Customer remains responsible for recovery, enforcement, or legal costs arising from non-payment.

The Customer bears all costs associated with the receipt, release, transportation, or export of assets where applicable, including:

- Third-party logistics
- Freight and haulage
- Customs clearance
- Armed security services
- Insurance premiums for third-party coverage

Mandatory Fee Schedule:

Acceptance of the SKR constitutes a primary obligation to pay all storage, insurance, and handling fees as outlined in the Attached Fee Schedule.

Non-Payment Lien:

Failure to settle fees as they become due shall grant The Company a possessory lien over the stored assets under the applicable local laws of the Republic of Sierra Leone or international equivalents.

Fee Adjustments:

The Company reserves the right to adjust fees with thirty (30) days' notice; continued storage of the asset after such notice constitutes acceptance of the new rate. Upon failure by The Customer to reimburse The Company for outstanding fees, storage charges, or advances within forty-eight (48) hours after a formal request for payment, The Company reserves the right to temporarily suspend portfolio access until the account issue is fully resolved.

SECTION 9 — EXCLUSION OF HAZARDOUS AND SENSITIVE MATERIALS

The Company completely disclaims all custodial duties, storage capabilities, and legal bailment obligations for any goods, materials, or compounds classified as hazardous, toxic, volatile, perishable, or otherwise structurally unstable under domestic or international regulatory frameworks.

The introduction, storage, or attempted deposit of hazardous items is prohibited under this Agreement, and The Company retains an unconditional, non-appealable right to immediately refuse intake, suspend facility access, or remove any asset that exhibits properties corresponding to environmental contaminants, volatile fuels, industrial toxins, infectious clinical residues, or unauthorized military explosives.

The Company further explicitly disclaims any and all acceptance, bailment, or custody of goods containing judiciary or politically sensitive materials, classified government or institutional records, election and ballot census materials, official whistleblower files, unreleased state records, or any physical materials that by their nature, origin, or content may give rise to civil unrest, institutional disruption, or political instability.

The Customer assumes full, unilateral financial and legal liability for any attempt to introduce hazardous goods or excluded politically volatile materials under the guise of an asset deposit, and The Customer explicitly agrees that any discovery of excluded substances or records shall result in an immediate breach of contract and forfeiture of processing fees.

SECTION 10 — VERIFICATION PROTOCOLS

To effectively check-mate and neutralize the operational risk of The Customer concealing hazardous materials, tracking devices, environmental contaminants, or unstable chemicals inside or alongside an authorized High-Value Asset (HVA), The Company reserves a proactive right to bypass standard sealed packaging exemptions and conduct forced physical audits or analytical assays.

This defensive check-mate protocol shall be triggered immediately upon any reasonable cause for suspicion, which may include but is not limited to: structural irregularities in containment seals, anomalous weight variations, detection of chemical or radioactive outgassing, or irregular document cross-references.

If a hidden hazardous element, excluded sensitive record, or disguised contaminant inside a High-Value Asset (HVA) causes facility contamination, asset cross-exposure, regulatory impoundment, or physical injury, The Company shall use the full enforcement power of Section 14 to shift all remediation costs, structural damages, third-party claims, and legal defense expenses entirely to The Customer, an act which survives termination and release of assets.

SECTION 11 — SECURITY PROTOCOLS

All Stored Assets shall be held in a secured vault facility with controlled access, surveillance, alarm systems, dual-authorization entry, and a maintained access log.

Vault personnel shall follow strict operational procedures, including:

- a. Check-in and check-out protocols
- b. Daily reconciliation of stored items
- c. Regular internal security audits
- d. Physical verification of seals during routine inspections

The Company reserves the right to relocate assets within the vault for operational or security reasons, with records updated accordingly.

SECTION 12 — LOGISTICS AND EXPORT IMPLEMENTATION

Triplesept Security may coordinate optional logistics, haulage, or export upon The Customer request. All such services are separately billed and The Customer is solely responsible for:

- Contractors and third-party service providers
- Transport fees
- Armed security
- Customs, duties, and documentation
- Insurance costs associated with transport

SECTION 13 — THIRD PARTY SERVICE PROVIDERS - CUSTOMER SOURCED

On added services where The Customer utilizes its own sourced agents (including but not limited to logistics companies, transport networks, customs brokers, armed escorts, or external assayers), such entities shall be deemed contractors and third-party service providers of The Customer. In all such configurations, Triplesept Security shall act as a passive storage and handling service provider. The Company hereby disclaims all operational, supervisory, and fiduciary duties regarding the independent network, timings, or acts employed by The Customer's chosen provider.

The Company shall not be held liable for any operational errors, asset losses, delays, regulatory impoundments, environmental exposures, damages, intentional malice, or failures directly caused by or related to contractors sourced by The Customer. The sole exception to this liability waiver shall arise only if such loss or damage directly stems from a discrete act within The Company's internal facility custody boundaries where gross negligence or willful misconduct is unequivocally proven against The Company's own active personnel or service systems.

SECTION 14 — LIEN FORECLOSURE, AND REMITTANCE TIMEFRAMES

In the event that The Customer defaults on any primary financial obligations, storage fees, logistics surcharges, or accrued interest under this Agreement, The Company holds a possessory contractual

lien over the Stored Assets under the applicable local laws of the Republic of Sierra Leone.

The Double-Trigger Default Threshold: The contractual right of The Company to execute a forced foreclosure sale or private liquidation of the Stored Assets shall be bound by a dual-gated protection framework consisting of financial equity parameters and operational timelines:

a. **The Quarter-Value Cap:** The Company's right to execute a forced sale or disposal shall instantly activate if the total accumulated debt owed by The Customer reaches or exceeds exactly one-quarter (25%) of the total Declared Value of the High-Value Asset (HVA) registered within the active vault ledger.

b. **The Invoice Maturity Default:**

Alternatively, regardless of the precise percentage value of the debt against the asset, a temporal default trigger shall activate based on the specific classification of the bailable good:

- i. **Goods of Critical Operational Value:**
For assets maintaining localized utility, commercial production pathways, or defensive operational functions, foreclosure mechanisms may be initiated upon the non-payment and default of three (3) consecutive monthly storage invoices.
- ii. **Goods of Critical Non-Defined Assets:** For commodities, raw mineral boxes, fine arts, collectibles, historical certificates, or non-operational assets lacking real-time facility infrastructure dependency, foreclosure mechanisms may be initiated upon the non-payment and default of six (6) consecutive monthly storage invoices.

Mandatory Notification and Prior Warning Protocols: Before any temporal invoice default or quarter-value financial threshold is executed as an active foreclosure action, The Company shall perform a multi-stage, recorded notification sequence to guarantee due process to The Customer:

Initial Advisory Notice: Upon an invoice becoming sixty (60) days past due, or upon the debt reaching 15% of the asset's declared ledger value, an administrative summary statement shall be sent to The Customer's registered email address.

Statutory Default Notice: Immediately upon reaching either the 25% value cap, the 3-month operational value invoice limit, or the 6-month non-defined invoice limit, The Company shall dispatch a comprehensive, physical Notice of Lien Foreclosure via trackable courier to the physical address on file, alongside a concurrent high-priority digital delivery. This notice shall explicitly specify the precise inventory items slated for liquidation, the exact ledger balance due, and the calculation of late penalties.

The 30-Day Cure Window: The delivery of the trackable Statutory Default Notice initiates a binding thirty (30) calendar day final cure window. The Customer retains the unrestricted right to halt all foreclosure proceedings at any moment within these thirty days by clearing the outstanding invoice balances in full.

If The Customer fails to clear the outstanding debt balance before the final midnight expiration of the 30-day cure window, The Company shall be granted the right to lawfully sell, transfer, or dispose of the High-Value Assets (HVA) through either a private sale or public auction framework.

The Company shall apply the cash proceeds generated from such liquidation directly toward the

settlement of the outstanding debt, late fees, administrative surcharges, and the direct cost of conducting the auction.

Remittance of Surplus Balance: If the cash proceeds generated from the private sale or public auction exceed the total debt owed, the remaining surplus balance shall be completely remitted to The Customer within exactly thirty (30) calendar days following the final accounting of the liquidation event. Conversely, if the liquidation proceeds are insufficient to fully satisfy the debt,

The Company shall immediately issue and hand to The Customer a binding invoice for the remaining outstanding balance, which shall remain legally enforceable against The Customer in the High Court of Sierra Leone.

SECTION 15 — INSURANCE COVERAGE

Full insurance coverage is provided for all Stored Assets under The Company's master vault insurance policy. Coverage includes, but is not limited to: theft, burglary, fire, armed robbery, accidental damage within the vault facility boundaries, and natural disasters. In the event of loss, degradation, or damage, claims shall be processed according to the master insurance policy terms and applicable law, with the understanding that the master insurer has explicitly granted a Waiver of Subrogation against The Customer, its directors, authorized agents, and partners.

The maximum financial liability of The Company and its master insurer under this framework shall be strictly capped at, and shall never exceed, the precise Declared Value verified by The Customer and recorded within the active ledger system of The Company at the exact moment of deposit. The Customer explicitly acknowledges that under-declaring the value of an asset to reduce storage fees completely limits the available insurance recovery to the lower declared ledger amount, and any market appreciation or value spike exceeding the ledger entry remains uninsured under The Company's policy.

No operational or administrative requirement shall exist forcing The Company to provide or maintain a physical Certificate of Insurance (COI) at the vault level for inspection by The Customer. The financial protection under the master policy is automatically triggered, sustained, and verified solely by the formal issuance of the Safe Keeping Receipt (SKR) or ledger booking, which serves as conclusive proof of coverage integration for the duration of the bailment relationship.

Notwithstanding the protections of the master policy, if The Customer already holds or maintains an active independent insurance policy covering the specific Stored Assets or high-value goods, such independent policy is fully acceptable and may be maintained by The Customer. In all instances where an independent Customer policy is active, it shall be recognized as an integrated or primary coverage layer, and the existence of such policy shall not invalidate the baseline structural protections, custodial liabilities, or safety commitments enforced by The Company within the vault facility.

Customers may opt for additional third-party insurance to enhance coverage or name specific financial institutions as beneficiaries, at additional cost and subject to underwriting approval by The Company's master insurers. No portion of baseline insured risk is transferred to The Customer under The Company's master policy, except where coverage limits are exceeded, where structural

changes are made to the asset without updating the ledger entry, or for optional transit coverage specifically requested by The Customer.

SECTION 16 — ACCESS, RELEASE, AND OWNERSHIP THRESHOLD

The Company's discharge of duty and release of assets in storage shall be straightforward except where The Customer is a company, partnership, consortium, or group, release shall require documented authorization representing at least 60% ownership or voting interest. Verification may include certified corporate resolutions, notarized declarations, or other supporting documentation at The Company's discretion.

In cases of disputes, injunctions, or conflicting claims, release shall be suspended pending: Written unanimous consent of all relevant owners, or a final, non-appealable court order.

Release of Stored Assets shall only occur upon:

- Written release instruction from The Customer or authorized representative.
- Completion of physical identity verification and verification against the filed specimen signature log.
- Compliance clearance.
- Payment of all outstanding fees, storage costs, and administrative expenses.

Triplesept Security shall not be liable for delays or refusal where acting in good faith under these verification and security procedures.

SECTION 17 — INDEMNITY

The Customer shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless The Company, its directors, officers, employees, and agents from all claims, losses, liabilities, damages, and legal costs (including reasonable attorneys' fees), an act which survives termination and release of assets, arising from:

- Ownership disputes.
- Shareholder or partner conflicts.
- Allegations of wrongful release after compliance with this Agreement.
- Misrepresentation or omission by The Customer.
- Third-party claims related to Stored Assets.

SECTION 18 — COMPANY LIEN AND TERMINATION

Termination occurs upon expiry of the storage term, mutual agreement, or material breach. Outstanding fees remain immediately due, and failure to collect assets triggers lien rights. Following a termination notice, The Customer shall have a period of fifteen (15) days from the date of the final ledger accounting provided by The Company to lodge any written objections or claims; failure to do so within said period shall be deemed by the Parties to constitute full accord and

satisfaction.

SECTION 19 — REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

The Customer warrants compliance with all applicable laws, regulations, anti-money laundering, and counter-terrorism financing requirements. Triplesept Security reserves the right to conduct compliance reviews and audit logs internally as required.

Access or release of assets may be temporarily suspended pending internal compliance review.

SECTION 20 — FORCE MAJEURE

Neither Party shall be liable for failure or delay caused by events beyond reasonable control, including war, terrorism, civil unrest, natural disaster, fire, government action, or emergency.

SECTION 21 — CONFIDENTIALITY & PRIVACY

All information concerning The Customer, the precise physical configuration of Stored Assets, access logs, digital signatures, and ledger balances is strictly confidential and protected from public exposure. The Company explicitly warrants that the identity of The Customer and the nature, volume, or market valuation of the stored goods shall remain fully insulated from third-party networks, commercial databases, and unverified data transfers.

Disclosure of any operational information or data ledger associated with this contract may only occur upon receiving verified written authorization from The Customer, or under the direct compulsion of an active judicial subpoena issued explicitly by the High Court of Sierra Leone, sitting in Freetown.

Statutory Non-Intervention and Immunity Protections:

Notwithstanding paragraph 2 of this Section, if any applicable legislative statute, emergency decree, or judicial standard within the jurisdiction explicitly prohibits, bars, or restrains the courts or independent state authorities from compelling a private custodian to disclose specific proprietary holdings, corporate books, or custodial portfolios, The Company shall immediately invoke such statutory restrictions. In all such instances where the judicial mechanisms lack valid statutory empowerment to compel discovery, The Company shall completely refuse data transmission, and this non-disclosure obligation shall remain to the maximum extent permitted under Sierra Leonean law.

Acceptance of items within the vault facility does not constitute public acknowledgment of storage, and all dual-key movements, SCIF sessions, and ledger entries shall remain permanently encrypted within the air-gapped system structures of the primary facility.

SECTION 22 — WITHOUT PREJUDICE

This Agreement and any Safe Keeping Receipt issued are without prejudice to the rights and defenses of The Company. No custody acknowledgment constitutes an admission of ownership, certification of authenticity, or waiver of statutory protections. Delay or failure to exercise rights shall not constitute a waiver of those rights.

SECTION 23 — GOVERNING LAW AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

This agreement is governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the Republic of Sierra Leone. Disputes shall first be submitted to professional mediation in Freetown. Failing an amicable settlement, disputes shall be definitively resolved by the High Court of Sierra Leone, sitting in Freetown.

SECTION 24 — ENTIRE AGREEMENT AND SEVERABILITY

This Agreement constitutes the entire understanding between the Parties. It supersedes all prior agreements, negotiations, or understandings, whether oral or written. Amendments must be in writing and signed by both Parties.

In case any one or more of the provisions contained in this Agreement shall for any reason be held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity, illegality, or unenforceability shall not affect any other provision hereof, and this Agreement shall be construed as if such invalid, illegal, or unenforceable provision had never been contained herein.

SECTION 25 — EXECUTION AND COUNTERPARTS

This Agreement shall be executed by the physical or validated electronic signatures of both authorized representatives of the Parties. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts; each such counterpart hereof shall be deemed to be an original instrument, but all such counterparts together shall constitute but one and the same binding instrument. Execution is deemed fully complete and operational upon the mutual signing of this agreement, followed by The Customer's deposit of assets into The Company's vault or The Company's formal issuance of an SKR.

Binding Nature of the SKR:

The Safe Keeping Receipt (SKR) issued by The Company is a governing instrument. Any holder of the SKR, whether the original The Customer or a lawful transferee, is strictly bound by the terms and conditions printed on the document or incorporated by reference. The act of holding, presenting, or claiming assets via the SKR serves as a continuous affirmation of the holder's agreement to The Company's security protocols, liability limitations, and regulatory compliance requirements.

Defensive Assets & General Liability Protocols:

The Customer acknowledges that the storage of firearms, ammunition, or related defensive assets requires strict adherence to applicable federal, state, and local firearms laws. By depositing assets,

The Customer warrants that:

- A. All assets are legally owned and registered under applicable local frameworks.
- B. The Customer agrees to The Company's right to audit or refuse assets that pose a safety or legal risk.
- C. The Company's liability is strictly limited to the valuation declared at the time of deposit and explicitly recorded in the vault ledger.

SECTION 26 — SIGNATURES

CUSTOMER ACKNOWLEDGEMENT & ACCEPTANCE:

By signing below, the Depositor explicitly acknowledges, understands, and agrees to be bound by all security, access, liability, and storage terms of this contract and that the asset(s) listed in the storage receipt have been handed over to the company and the condition, and quantities noted therein are accurate and complete.

FOR THE CUSTOMER / DEPOSITOR:

Signature: _____
Name: _____
Title: CLIENT / DEPOSITOR
Date: _____

By signing here, The Company agree to be bound by all security, access, liability, and storage terms of this contract and that the asset(s) listed in the storage receipt have been handed over to The Company and the condition, and quantities noted therein are accurate and complete.

FOR THE COMPANY:

Signature: _____
Name: _____
Title: VAULT MANAGER
Date: 9TH JULY 2025
(Company Seal / Stamp)

DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Agreement:

“Stored Assets” means all items deposited into The Company’s vault for safekeeping, including bullion, documents, valuables, defensive assets, or other items agreed in writing.

“Declared Value” means the value assigned to the Stored Assets by The Customer at the time of deposit and recorded explicitly within The Company's vault ledger.

“Release Instruction” means a formal written directive from The Customer or authorized representative to release all or part of the Stored Assets.

“Authorized Representative” means any individual or entity designated in writing by The Customer, backed by a verified specimen signature certificate, to act on its behalf for deposit, access, or release of Stored Assets.

“Discharge Vote Threshold” means the minimum 60% ownership or voting interest required for release of assets where The Customer is a group, consortium, partnership, or company.

END OF CONTRACT